

Medical Education Series

Osteochondral Lesion of the Talus

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CASE REPORT

CERAMENT[®] BONE VOID FILLER

OSTEOCHONDRAL LESION OF THE TALUS

DIAGNOSIS

52 year old patient was diagnosed with symptomatic osteochondral lesion of the Talus.



Figure 1. T2 MRI Image of OCD Lesion



Figure 2. Retrograde drilling of the OCD Lesion

TREATMENT PLAN

- The overlying cartilage was intact, so the patient underwent retrograde drilling of the OCD lesion, core decompression, and filling of the bone marrow lesion and drill track with 1.5cc of CERAMENT BONE VOID FILLER.
- The goal of CERAMENT was to fill the bone voids and allow for the remodeling of bone.



Figure 3. Voids at lesion and drill track are filled with CERAMENT

OUTCOME

Post-operative CT scans showed the bone graft incorporating into the talus and bone remodeling where CERAMENT had been injected.



Figure 4. Final intraoperative image



Figure 5. CT Scan at 4 months post-op



"CERAMENT remodels into bone."

- Mihir M. Patel, MD



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